

## FULL OF TROUBLE.

Lot of the Silver Territories  
Not Pleasant,

Says Mr. Rawlins the Delegate  
from Utah.

## WALL STREET DOES IT.

No More Silver States to be  
Admitted Now.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—[Special.]—The trouble with us territorialists, said Delegate Rawlins of Utah in the course of a talk on the prospects for new states, "is that all the adverse forces and all our troubles seem to have come to a head at once. There are several little things which most people have not thought of as affecting our case. As to the next presidency, we should cut very little figure in the electoral college, as all the four would have but 12 votes. But suppose the choice of the next president should be thrown into the house. Then Utah or Oklahoma would count just as much as New York. It is the majority of states, not of members, that decides, and a great many politicians are calculating on the next election being thrown into the house. I sometimes think that alone would be enough to keep all the four territories out, but there is another and still more powerful cause. Wall street has served notice that no more silver senators are to be admitted, and what Wall street wants has to be done. I have not been saying so, but it looks very much as if no new states could be made until this silver question is so thoroughly settled that everybody will recognize the settlement and no more attempts be made to change it."

Utah's Fertility.  
"Is it possible for the population out there to go on increasing at present rates when so much of the area is mountain and desert?"

"It is really wonderful how large a population the valleys will support, and in great comfort. I sometimes think an acre of land in Utah will watered and cultivated would produce food for a family. And I am afraid that millions of families in the United States will have to come to something like that. In other words, I think that civilization is about to receive, if it has not already received, a great check on its present course; that there will be less division of labor and each family supply itself with almost everything. I can see that there is soon to be a great revival of business on the old lines or that there will be a rich market for manufactured goods."

"It seems to me that the price of farm produce for some years is going to be so low that farmers cannot buy manufactures. If it be so, each family will have to be entirely self sustaining, and with gold as the basis of all money it seems to me there must be this steady shrinkage and check to civilization. In such a case we Utah people will be right at home. We were brought up to live that way and can do it again. It is depressing, however, to think of the way some of our interests have gone down. Take our wool, for instance, which is only 9 cents a pound, if one can sell it at all, and think of the millions Utah might make with wool at a fair price."

## Low Price of Wool.

"You have often spoken of that region west of Great Salt Lake as the most complete desert in America, and as it is considered 20,000 square miles or more of regular barrenness. Well, of late years millions have been made on that same desert. All that white sage which looked a mere worthless weed that no stock would touch has proved the finest kind of winter feed, both for sheep and cattle. When the snow comes, so the stock can get water, all the region is good pasture, and when summer comes the stock is taken up into the mountains. One herder can take care of 1,000 sheep or more, and so the expense is trifling. The great trouble is that the returns are trifling, too, just now, but there is scarcely any limit as yet to the development of stock raising in Utah, and there is good land enough with running water to employ a farming population of 500,000 or so. Add to this all the mining, manufacturing and other business, and you will see the enormous margin for development that Utah has, but there is no use in denying that the fates are against us at present. Silver is away down, and wool is down and going lower, the politicians are against the new state for one reason and Wall street for another, and if we get over all these, why, the chances are that Cleveland would vote us in. But Utah can live. Her people know how to be self sustaining."

## The Hope of Europe.

After hearing this somewhat depressing statement of the case it was a pleasure to listen to Hon. J. B. McCreary, who passes much of his time during the dull days of debate on appropriations bills in his congressional room—foreign affairs. On the general subject of money and the near future he said: "Nothing would suit the people of Europe better than for us to adopt free coinage. I know it and have often heard them say so. It would put us on a silver basis at once and give them our \$600,000,000 of gold. In the great conference, of which, of course, you have read, one of the Rothschilds said, 'America wants to unload her silver.' I said to him that our corn crop is worth at least \$750,000,000, our wheat crop has been as great in value as \$600,000,000, our cotton crop is \$400,000,000, of iron and coal we mine well over \$500,000,000 worth yearly, while of silver our product is but \$65,000,000. It is a mere bagatelle. No other country in the world can afford to wait for an international agreement better than we can. I am equally certain of an exclusive gold or silver basis. I believe in both, and I know we shall get it if we hold on firmly."

## Minor Matters.

While the less interesting details of the appropriations bills were being droned over in the house the critics were whetting their tongues for a general assault on Judge Holman's Indian bill. He always catches it pretty heavily, but this year the elements of wrath are stirred up against him more lively than usual. So many things are asked for by the friends of the Indians, and the judge has been so remorseless in cutting down even the moderate estimates that there is a general combination of the wrathful element to attack his bill.

There has been a general and surprising change all around the board in the senate, and the progress of the tariff bill is compared to the changes of partners at pro-

gressive euchre. First the sugar senators were placated, and then they were disgruntled, and then they were placated again, all this according to current report. Then the sugar planters of Louisiana met and laid down their imperative demand for more, and so the sugar senators had to be counted out again. It is even so with Smith of New Jersey and Murphy of New York, and so, like Mrs. Bedott, "we poor shortighted worms can't calculate."

## UNDER CORRIGAN'S NOSE.

Sensational Scene Made by Bourke Cockran Last Night.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Bourke Cockran created a sensation last night at the opening of the Catholic educational hospital at Grand Central Palace here. After Archbishop Corrigan had delivered an address Cockran began his speech. He was evidently excited.

"To declare," said he, "that the Catholic church is hostile to the republic, is to declare that the mother is hostile to her offspring. Those who tell us that the Catholic church and its educational system is hostile to this government must speak a falsehood. We cannot have a falsehood in our midst. What is doing today in the parochial schools is just the same as she did in ages gone by. I believe the time has come when Catholics should assert themselves and say that they, above all others, are the men whose training and faith could help them to live citizens of this republic."

Then came the sensation. Mr. Cockran was speaking of the loyalty of the Catholics to the republic. Turning toward the archbishop, and advancing with forefinger outstretched, he declared with impassioned eloquence that he would accept the teaching of the church from his grace with the utmost reverence, "but if the day should ever come," and here Mr. Cockran's voice rose until, echoed through the big hall, the rafters rang, "but if the day should ever come," he was now so close to the archbishop that his outstretched forefinger almost touched his nose, "when from a pulpit you utter one word hostile to the integrity of this government, I tell you that if such language falls from your lips, it will be heretical. You will be false to the republic and false to the church that placed the consecrated oil upon your hands for the blessing of your children."

A subdued murmur of astonishment ran through the hall, quickly followed by a great burst of applause.

## WHO ARE THE PROTECTED

Senator Allen Introduces a Resolution of Inquiry Today.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—At the opening of the session of the senate Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) introduced and asked for the immediate consideration of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to the total number of persons engaged in protected industries, the number of such persons whose wages are claimed to be affected by protection.

The number whose wages are not affected; also the proportion of position of the United States dependent upon the foreign market for the sale of their products; also the number of persons engaged in protected industries who are native citizens, the number naturalized, and the number who are not, also the proportion of native or naturalized citizens who are being displaced by aliens.

Mr. Chandler asked that the resolution go over until tomorrow, meantime he suggested that Mr. Allen investigate to ascertain whether it was possible for the secretary of the treasury to comply with such request.

Mr. Allen called attention to the fact that a similar resolution had been passed in 1886.

The resolution went over.

The vice president announced the following committee appointments:

Mr. Patton, on claims, Indian affairs, epidemic diseases, agriculture and forestry; Mr. Proctor, on fisheries; Mr. Davis, on census, and Mr. McMillan, on naval affairs.

The senate then took up the consideration of the bills on the calendar.

A bill to place Dunbar Ransom on the retired list of the army as a captain, was passed, also a bill defining and permanently fixing the northern boundary line of the Warm Springs Indian reservation in the state of Oregon. A bill providing for a naval training station on the Pacific coast met with the opposition of Messrs. Mitchell (Oregon) and Squires (Washn.) specified San Francisco harbor as the location of the station.

## LOCAL MENTION.

The funeral of James Reid will take place at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the First Presbyterian church.

The Union Terminal case was called up by the board of railroad commissioners this morning. The hearing was adjourned to June 12.

The meeting of the Kansas irrigation commission which was to have been held today has been adjourned to May 22. The adjournment was taken because of the inability of all the members to be present.

A pleasant social was given last evening at the Central Congregational church by the Christian Endeavor society. The early part of the evening was devoted to a business session it being the semi-annual meeting of the society. The social that was given afterward was an enjoyable affair. It was a "Book Social."

A runaway occurred this morning on West Tenth street. A traveling man was driving in a light buggy when his horse became frightened at the corner of Tyler and Tenth street. It was making good time west on Tenth street, but was finally stopped by George Weaver, a young colored man. The horse and buggy were not injured and the driver was only shaken up considerably.

## Failure in Stoves.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Charles W. Richards was today appointed receiver of the Simmons Manufacturing company of this city. The company did a large business in the manufacturing of stoves. The liabilities are put at \$450,000 and the assets at \$385,000.

## For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for teething. It soothes, softens the gums, allays pain, cures colic. Best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

Tickets for the Kindergarten benefit at Library hall Friday, May 18th, can be secured at S. B. Brett's or Kellam's.

Elocution recital, Library hall May 18.

## NEWS OF KANSAS.

Florence Visited by a Destructive Fire.

Woman Narrowly Escapes from Burning House at Emporia.

## OTHER STATE NEWS.

Bright Outlook from Irrigation in Finney County.

FLORENCE, May 15.—Two incendiary fires here resulted in a loss of \$25,000. A dwelling house on Second street, was discovered to be in flames, and soon after the large three-story opera house, occupied by Graham & Tucker, dry goods and groceries, was burning. Firemen succeeded in subduing the flames after two hours' hard work. The loss on stock amounts to \$12,000, fully insured, while the loss on the building is \$10,000, with \$7,000 insurance.

## BRETHREN IN CHRIST.

The Annual Conference of that Sect Being Held Near Abilene.

ABILENE, May 15.—Incoming trains are bringing to the county scores of earnest members of the Brethren in Christ, or River Brethren, as they are familiarly known, attendants on the general or international conference of the sect to be held at Bethel meeting house, eleven miles northeast of Abilene, commencing Wednesday.

On Saturday 130 delegates arrived from eastern Pennsylvania and left the train at Detroit and Abilene where they were met by friends in this county. Sixty or seventy arrived yesterday from Ohio, and there will be a hundred or more others in attendance, making 300 or 400 visitors from the east to be entertained for a week or more by the brethren in the county.

About 300 of the River Brethren came to Dickinson county in 1879 from Pennsylvania and it is said brought with them not less than \$500,000 in money. They are most all prosperous people.

## FINE RESIDENCE BURNED.

The House of David Peyton, at Emporia, Destroyed—Mrs. Peyton Barely Rescued.

EMPORIA, May 15.—The fine residence owned and occupied by Mr. David Peyton and family, the corner of Eleventh avenue and Rural street burned to the ground, only a small amount of the lighter household goods on the first floor being saved.

Mr. Peyton was away from home, and Mrs. Peyton with a child was sleeping in the upper story. She was awakened by the suffocation, produced by the smoke, and was rescued by a neighbor who had heard her cries.

The fire company put forth their best efforts but the call came too late to save the building. The house was insured for \$5,000 and the furniture for \$1,000, which it is said does not nearly cover the loss.

## HOD CARRIERS STRIKE.

Men Working on the Leavenworth Burlington Depot Want More Wages.

LEAVENWORTH, May 15.—A strike among the hod carriers employed on the new Burlington depot has been inaugurated and the work was temporarily suspended. The hod carriers had been receiving 15 cents per hour for nine hours' work, or \$1.35 per day, and the demand was for \$1.75 for nine hours or 40 cents more a day.

Contractor Thomas Jones stated that work had been resumed with new men, as the demand for an increase could not be granted. The strikers were ten in number and their places have about all been filled.

## FINNEY COUNTY ALL RIGHT.

Weather Service Director Jennings Says Irrigation Will Do Wonders.

GARDEN CITY, May 15.—J. B. Jennings, director of the United States weather service for Kansas, has approved an application for a final test of the irrigation, among which is the evaporation test, to be placed at the experimental irrigation station in this county.

He pronounced the weather reports made by Miss Laura Cannon, from this station, as first class in accuracy and detail, and that the future of Finney county under irrigation is promising and recommends that the energies of our people do not relax their efforts in that direction.

## COWLEY AND REPUBLIC DELEGATES.

Republic—M. H. Creager, Jamestown; F. M. Higginson, Belleville; F. N. Munger, Belleville; N. Marty, Courtland; C. Parkhurst, Wayne; R. T. Jellison, Belleville; John Moshart, Munden; Geo. F. Page, Scandia; Grant Bowersox, Scandia; O. A. Gardiner, Byron, Neb.; J. M. Foster, White Rock, and R. T. Stanfield, Republic City.

Cowley—W. P. Hackney, James Molain, Dr. C. M. Holcomb, I. A. Robinson, J. W. White, Winfield; Hon. J. V. Beckman, Fred Knowlton, C. C. Sollitt, A. F. Huse, A. Daniels, Jas. Crutchfield, F. M. Vaughan, Arkansas City; Hon. Jacob Nixon, Kellogg; H. R. Branson, J. M. Hurley, Tisdale; W. Stiff, New Salem; Dr. T. J. Rude, Burden; Hon. S. M. Fall, Torrance and Wm. Wilkinson, Udall.

## Crushed Under an Engine.

OTTAWA, May 15.—Thomas Harrington, the care taker of the Santa Fe yards was run over and killed by a switch engine while attempting to cross the track ahead of it. The engine passed completely over his body severing both legs. Harrington was about 50 years old and leaves two motherless daughters. He had been an employe of the Santa Fe for twenty years.

## Acquitted of Murder.

ALMA, May 15.—Hugh Russell, who was charged with the killing of Joseph Davis, a colored man, at a dance has been acquitted by the jury in the district court. There is considerable dissatisfaction among the colored people on account of the verdict.

## Baccalaureate Sermon at K. U.

LAWRENCE, May 15.—Rev. Thos. D. Wallace, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Chicago, has been secured by Chancellor F. H. Snow to deliver the baccalaureate sermon at Kansas university during the coming commencement in place of Bishop J. H. Vin-

bent—who had to cancel his engagement on account of ill health.

Barton County Populists.  
GREAT BEND, May 15.—The Barton county Populist convention met here Saturday and nominated J. F. Strathman for representative.

## HAD FUN WITH PAT.

The Hotel Men Cut High Jinks at the Santa Fe Depot.

The returning members of the American Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit association went eastward through Topeka at 1:15 today on their way home from their annual convention at Denver. There were three trains of them and the party was in charge of our Jerry Black, who went on with it to Chicago.

The New York train came first and the Chicago train second. Both of these were Pullman's finely equipped and very handsome, but the Boston train was the finest looking and consisted entirely of Wagner cars. The last party was the jolliest, too.

When the passenger depot was reached the men jumped to the platform and gave three cheers for the New England delegation of the H. M. B. A. Tom Henry of Boston, was the jester of the party and made things lively. While he played "The Irish Washerwoman" on his cornet John Arnold, a dignified looking Boston hotel owner, danced it in a way that was loudly applauded, after which Henry played "The Bowery," and the thirty or forty hotel men joined in singing the chorus. "What time is it?" they asked, and all cried around the time to a second—they insisted on it—after which they yelled in chorus, "We thank you," and Pat looked wilted.

"We have had a great time," said they, "and we owe it largely to Topeka's Mr. Black. He has kept us going and has shown us everything worth seeing in Colorado."

## SPIKES AND SPARKS.

Railroads and Railroad Men Along the Kansas Lines.

The Santa Fe says that it is now doing a larger export business than it ever before, and that it seems to be steadily increasing. An average of ten cars of flour a day are leaving Topeka for London, Liverpool and Glasgow, over its line. This flour is all made from Kansas wheat at Topeka mills, and the shipments have been going on for several days. No other western city has this record.

Superintendent of Machinery John Player and Master Mechanic George Smith are in Argentine today.

Bert Abwers leaves this evening for Fort Madison, Iowa, to take charge of the Santa Fe paint shop at that place. He was formerly of the paint shop here, but was later sent to Florida.

James Dun, chief engineer of the Santa Fe, visited the scene of the encroachments of the river above East Atchison yesterday. He estimated that there were eight thousand lineal feet of bank which should be protected at once. Santa Fe engines 148 and 149 went to Atchison today to be stored away in the round house there until business picks up.

Rev. C. H. St. John, president of the state humane society, will address the noon meeting at the Santa Fe shops Thursday.

A cold load of bananas came in over the Rock Island this morning for Topeka merchants.

## "SUNDAY SUN" CAN'T SHINE

Chief Lindsey Swears Out Warrants for Arrest of One Circulator.

Chief of Police H. C. Lindsey today went before City Attorney Tiltonson and swore out a warrant for the arrest of J. G. Klingaman, the Topeka circulator of the Kansas City Sunday Sun.

Chief Lindsey some time ago said he would not allow this paper to be sold in Topeka without a fight.

Last Saturday and Sunday the paper was sold here through its agent, J. G. Klingaman, and today Chief Lindsey took steps to punish the offender.

To a JOURNAL reporter Chief Lindsey said: "I understand a test case will be made of Klingaman's arrest and it will be carried up through all the courts, but I am not going to allow the paper to be sold here while the test is being made."

## MISSOURI DEMOCRATS.

They Are Trying Hard to Avoid Serious Differences.

KANSAS CITY, May 15.—The time set for opening the Democratic state convention was 12 o'clock, but the hot fight in the state central committee, which remained in session all the forenoon, set things back a bit. It was proposed to settle in that committee all the differences which it was thought would crop out in the convention. The vote succeeded, subsequent developments show.

When the convention was finally opened Temporary Chairman J. McD. Trimble tried to smooth matters over. He said state conventions did not decide national issues; the convention had not assembled to nominate a presidential candidate nor to create a presidential possibility, which in a measure was a slap at Congressman Bland.

When he had concluded the Democrats yelled themselves hoarse for Bland, but Chairman Trimble rapped them to order. The convention then appointed the various committees and took a recess until 3 o'clock.

## Peculiar to Itself.

So eminently successful has Hood's Sarsaparilla been that many leading citizens from all over the United States furnish testimonials of cures which seem almost miraculous. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not an accident, but the ripe fruit of industry and study. It possesses merit "peculiar to itself."

Hood's Pills cures Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

The members of the county central committee of the People's party in the city of Topeka will please meet at the league rooms, at 118 East Eighth street, at 8 p. m. on Wednesday, May 16, 1894, and all members of the county central committee will please meet there at the same time.

H. C. Root,  
Chairman of City Cen. Com.  
Chas. Miller,  
Sec. of City Cen. Com.

Fine Work,  
At Topeka Steam Laundry.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

## A TALK WITH MISS YAW.

Dr. Guibor and Reporter See the Wonderful Vocal Cords.

Miss Ellen Beach Yaw, who has become famous through her wonderful voice, is at the National. She is slight of figure with light blue eyes and light wavy hair. Her face is delicate and pleasing and she is withal very retiring and modest and has a most charming way.

She greeted a JOURNAL reporter cordially. "Oh, please don't ask me to talk about myself," she said. "I can talk about anything else much easier."

"Will you talk about your voice then?" asked the reporter.

"Yes, I consider myself and voice entirely distinct. It seems easy to me to reach high notes and as if every one ought to reach them. One old lady whom I met said, 'Why, I have seen people with necks just like hers,' she seemed to think I ought to have an inch of neck for every note."

"Is it not difficult to distinguish the pitch of the human voice after it passes above high C?" inquired the reporter.

"Yes," answered Miss Yaw, "it is very hard to distinguish such notes. It requires a practical ear of the very best musicians. I sang before Christine Nilson, and sang C above high C, and she would not believe that I had reached that pitch until she touched the piano. I have cultivated only the middle and lower tones. I never had to work on the very high tones. The very limit of my voice is the high E flat but I do not reach that in all my concerts. Many class my voice as mezzo soprano."

The music lovers of Topeka were given the opportunity this afternoon of meeting Miss Ellen Beach Yaw in the parlors of the National, where an informal reception was given for her. Her charming manners and delicate type of beauty quite won the hearts of all, and after hearing her remarkable voice to-night, she may count her conquest complete, as far as Topeka is concerned. Miss Yaw wore this afternoon at her reception an empire gown of pink chiffon, embroidered in green over pink tulle. The sleeves were large puffs reaching to the elbow and were met by pale green suede gloves. An iridescent girdle confined the short waist and the slightly low V shaped neck was outlined with iridescent pailmenterie. The skirt was demit-train with a ruffle of pink lace around the bottom. Her coiffure was the same as seen in her pictures and is decidedly picturesque.

Palms, ferns and hydrangeas adorned the parlor and the dozen ladies who received with her were pretty afternoon gowns.

Dr. Guibor examined Miss Yaw's throat this afternoon and the JOURNAL reporter was permitted to peep. The doctor pronounced the construction of the vocal organs perfect. Her vocal cords are unusually delicate and thin. Dr. Guibor pronounced the lady's throat the most perfectly formed for vocalization that he had ever seen.

## LILLIAN RUSSELL FREE.

She Separates From Johnnie Chatterton—They Had a Quarrel.

NEW YORK, May 15.—On the authority of the lady herself the Herald this morning announces that Lillian Russell has separated from her most recent husband, Signor Perugini.

The separation was announced in Philadelphia a short time ago, and last night at the theater in Brooklyn Miss Russell said she and her husband had permanently separated. Perugini refused to talk.

## KANSAS PLUMBERS.

They Hold Their Fourth Annual Session at Lawrence.

LAWRENCE, Kas., May 15.—The Masters Plumbers of Kansas concluded their fourth annual session in this city last evening. The meeting was well attended and the following officers were elected: President, James Foley of Leavenworth; vice president, John Easley of Pittsburg; secretary, F. W. Doane of Lawrence; treasurer, G. W. Sears of Atchison. Delegates to the national association meeting in Detroit in June: C. P. Prescott and John Shinn of Topeka, Philip Bertrand of Wichita, and James Foley of Leavenworth.

## A DOCTOR'S BLUNDER.

Sends Water for Chemical Analysis in a Dirty Jug.

Dr. L. M. Powell of this city is the state chemist, and some water was sent to him by Dr. E. Swarts, a member of the state board of health, to be analyzed. The water was taken from the wells of the Metropolitan Water company, Kansas City, Kan. It seems that the jug that it was sent in was not clean, and so the analysis showed that the water was not fit for use. Dr. Powell told Dr. Swarts that it was not a fair trial, as the jug was contaminated.

Dr. L. M. Powell's report said: "No free ammonia present, but fifteen parts per million of albuminoid ammonia in sample."

Until the discovery was made that the jug wasn't a clean one, there was considerable talk in Kansas City over the condition of their drinking water.

## Harvard Men Probably Drowned.

BOSTON, May 15.—Some clothing and a part of a wrecked cat boat were found on Thompson's island today and an investigation seems to indicate that a boat hired by four Harvard students on Sunday was overturned and all of them drowned.

## TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

10:30—Su day eve. between 1015 E. 10th and 10th and Lincoln st., a baby's white flannel smock. Finder please return same to 190 West 10th st., and receive reward.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A splendid brood mare and colt. Colt sired by R. Lee's "Flying Bird." 1718 Harrison st.

## TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Market.

Furnished by W. F. Pedersen, Broker in Grain, Flour, Beans and Stocks, Real Estate Building, Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Wheat was easy at start with everything against it, cables were disappointing, the weather was fine and an increased on passage was reported. Broasau, Schwartz-Dupree and Partridge led the selling. July opened unchanged at 57½¢, but immediately broke ½¢, rallying later to 57½¢. Corn was weak in sympathy with wheat. July started ½¢ lower at 35½¢, and sold down to 35¢.

Oats easy; July 29½¢.

Provisions were extremely dull and pork slightly lower. July pork opened 5 cents lower at \$12.25, the price being affected by the weakness in the grain market.

July lard, \$7.07½.

Estimated receipts for Wednesday: Wheat, 47 cars; corn 175 cars; oats 190 cars; hogs, 24,000.

MAY 15 Up'd High Low Cl'd Yrs.

WHEAT—May... 56 56 55 55 56

July... 57½ 57½ 56½ 56½ 57½

Sept... 59 59 58 58 59

CORN—May... 37½ 37½ 37½ 37½ 37½

July... 38½ 38½ 37½ 37½ 38½

Sept... 39½ 39½ 38½ 38½ 39½

OATS—May... 33½ 33½ 32½ 32½ 33½

July... 29½ 29½ 29½ 29½ 29½

Sept...